

 Institut Rafael Campalans	Subject: Social Science (History).	Level: 4th ESO
	Unit: The Great War Teacher: Ricard Expósito i Amagat Name: Date:	Mark: ____/ 10

TEST: The Great War

1. In which month and year did the Great War begin? (1 point)

- a. November 1918
- b. September 1939
- c. June 1914
- d. August 1914

2. Which countries were allied by the Triple Alliance? (1)

3. Which countries were allied by the Triple Entente? (1)

4. What was the spark¹ that set off WWI? (1)

- a. The assassination of Archduke Franz Ferdinand, heir to the Austro-Hungarian Empire
- b. The development of trench warfare
- c. The encouragement of Russian communists by Germany
- d. The Treaty of Versailles

5. What were the main 5 causes that led to World War I? (e.g. nationalism) (1)

6. What was the name given to the space or land between the two sides' front lines? (1)

- a. Void
- b. Empty land
- c. Mordor
- d. No man's land

7. The Great War allowed many women to join the workforce on the home fronts (1)

True

False

¹ Guspira.

8. Complete the following chart (1):

Who fought who?

Allies	Central Powers
France _____ Italy _____ Serbia _____ And others	_____ Bulgaria _____ Ottoman Empire And others

Austria-Hungary, Great Britain, United States of America, Germany, Russia

9. What new and old weapons and technology were used during the war?

(1)

10. Fill in all the gaps (1) (x 0.20 each):

Russian Revolution, armistice, trench warfare, conscientious objector, front

a. _____ is the type of fighting used in WWI where both sides dug trenches protected by barbed wire.

b. The line where armies met on the battlefield was known as the _____.

c. A _____ is a person who refuses to serve in the war on the basis of religious beliefs.

d. In 1917 Russia withdrew from WWI due to the _____, when the tsar was overthrown.

e. The agreement to stop fighting on November 11, 1918, is known as the _____.

11. Extra: Consequences of WWI (2)

“The First World War killed fewer victims than the Second World War [1939-1945], destroyed fewer buildings, and uprooted² millions instead of tens of millions – but in many ways it left even deeper scars³ both on the mind and on the map of Europe. The old world never recovered from the shock (...)”. Edmond Taylor, *The Fossil Monarchies: The Collapse of the Old Order, 1905-1922*, Harmondsworth, Penguin, 1967 [1963], page 306.

Do you agree with Edmond Taylor?

What were the 'scars' of WWI? (Remember the death toll, the collapse of four empires, the redrawing of borders, the legacy)

² Desplaçar (persones, refugiats).

³ Cicatrius.

Unit Test Answer Key

1. d.

2. Germany, Austria-Hungary and Italy.

3. France, Britain and Russia.

4. a.

5. Nationalism, imperialism, militarism, the 'Eastern Question', alliances.

6. d.

7. True.

8.

Allies	Central Powers
France Great Britain Italy Russia Serbia United States of America And others	Austria-Hungary Bulgaria Germany Ottoman Empire And others

9. Light and heavy artillery, mortars, lethal poison gas, rifles, machine guns, bayonets, flamethrowers, clubs, hand grenades, aircrafts, dreadnought battleships, submarines, torpedoes, tanks.

10.

a. Trench warfare.

b. Front.

c. Conscientious objector.

d. Russian Revolution.

e. Armistice.

11. Extra. Open task.